

Feel overwhelmed with all of the information and uncertainties swirling around?!

Have no fear! Your nutrition team is here!

Rather than succumbing to panic buying, **STAY CALM AND HAVE A PLAN!** Use the following suggestions to minimize your trips to the grocery store, while ensuring you have appropriate foods to stay nourished and healthy during this time.



Grains & Starches:



- Corn or flour tortillas (after opening)
- Frozen Sweet Corn

Proteins:

- Eggs
- Low-fat cow milk, soy or lactose-free milk
- Low-fat cottage cheese
- Low-fat Greek yogurt
- Low-fat cheese strings
- Sliced meat (e.g. roast turkey)
- Black bean soup, lentil soup
- Tofu, tempeh

Frozen Proteins:

- Frozen edamame
- Frozen tuna, salmon, chicken and lean ground turkey or beef

Fresh fruit and vegetables:

Variety and color is key
Carrots and apples last a good amount of time in the fridge



Frozen fruit and vegetables:

- Broccoli, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, Steamables Asparagus Spears
- Cut Green Bean, Cut Leaf Spinach
- Pepper & Onion Blend
- Mixed Vegetables, California Style Vegetables, Stir-Fry Vegetables Mix
- Vegetable Soup Mix



Pantry

Grains & Starches:

- Cereals
- Oatmeal: bulk or individually packaged
- Bagels, bread, pita, wraps, and English muffins
- Crackers
- Bars
- Instant rice and quinoa
- Pop corn





• Baked tortilla chips

- Pasta, noodles
- Potatoes, sweet potatoes, onion, garlic
- Canned corn, yams
- Pumpkin puree

Proteins:

- Self-stable Horizon cow milk or Silk soy milk
- Powdered milk
- Shelf-stable tofu
- Canned or packaged tuna, salmon and chicken
- Chicken noodle soup
- Trail mix, nuts, and seeds
- Nut butters (e.g., peanut, almond)
- Bulk or canned legumes (e.g. black beans, pinto beans, chickpeas), chilli, low-fat refried beans

Canned fruit and vegetables:

 Fruit cups or canned: mandarin oranges, pineapple, pears, peaches, fruit mix







(look for no sugar added or "in 100% Juice")

- Green beans, mushrooms, carrots, peas, beets, asparagus spears, artichoke hearts
- Collard greens, turnip greens
- Diced tomatoes (great for cooking)
- Mixed vegetables
- Tomato soup
- Marinara sauce, salsa
- Sauerkraut





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Cold Food and Shelf-Stable Storage Charts

Food Salad Luncheon meat

Ground meats Uncooked meats Fresh Poultry Lean fish Fatty fish **Fresh Seafood**

Description

Egg, chicken, ham, tuna, and macaroni salads Opened, sliced deli Unopened, sliced deli Hamburger, ground beef, turkey, pork Roasts, steaks or chops Chicken or turkey, pieces Cod, halibut, tilapia Tuna, salmon Shrimp, scallops, crawfish, squid

Refrigerator

3 to 4 days 3 to 5 days 2 weeks 1 to 2 days 3 to 5 days 1 to 2 days 1 to 2 days 1 to 2 days 1 to 2 days

Freezer

Do not freeze 1 to 2 months 1 to 2 months 3 to 4 months 4 to 12 months 9 to 12 months 6 to 8 months 2 to 3 months 3 to 6 months

Eggs

Casseroles with eggs Soups and stews Leftovers

Milk Milk alternatives

Cheese Yogurt Juices



Raw in shell Hard-boiled eggs Scrambeled eggs, egg muffins, egg burrito Vegetable or meat added Cooked meat, poultry or fish Patties or pizza Whole milk, reduced fat, skim and non-fat milk Unopened soy, almond, rice, coconut milk Opened soy, almond, rice, coconut milk Sliced, hard, Cheddar, Edam, Swiss All types Canned, bottled or reconstituted

3 to 5 weeks 1 week 3 to 4 days 3 to 4 days 3 to 4 days 3 to 4 days 5 to 7 days 1 month 7 to 10 days 2 to 3 weeks 7 to 10 days

ROASTED **Turkey Breast**

Do not freeze Do not freeze 2 to 3 months 2 to 3 months 2 to 6 months 1 to 2 months Do not freeze Not recommended Not recommended 6 to 8 months Not recommended 8 months







Chobani

Non-Fat Plain **Greek Yogurt** 0% triple strained, delicately creamy recip Full of endless possibilities. Smoother of smoothes ies, dazzler of the dreamiest dips, fluffer of fluffiest flapjacks, creamer of creamiest crème brûlée. This is magic in the making.

> LOCALLY SOURCED MILK NET WT 32 OZ (2LB) 907g





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Source: U.S. Food and Drug Administration

	IS PARALYMPICS USSOPC	Cold Food and Shelf-Stable Storage Charts	
Food	Description	Refrigerator	Freezer
Fruits	Berries, cherries, peaches Avocados, melons, nectarines, pears, pineapples Cranberries, kiwis Apples Bananas, papaya, mangos, plantains	2 to 3 days 3 to 5 days 6 to 8 days 1 month Ripen at room temp.	8 to 12 months 8 to 12 months 8 to 12 months 8 to 12 months 8 to 12 months
Vegetables	Green beans, mushrooms, shredded cabbage, lettuce, salad greens, ripe tomatoes, corn in husk	1 to 2 days	8 to 12 months
	Artichokes, asparagus, eggplant, parsley	2 to 3 days	8 to 12 months
	Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, greens, lima beans, peas, summer squash, zucchini	3 to 5 days	8 to 12 months
	Cabbage, celery, cauliflower, cucumbers, peppers	1 weeks	8 to 12 months
	Beets, carrots, radishes	2 weeks	8 to 12 months



Onion, potatoes, sweet potatoes

Do no refrigerate, keep in dry and away from sun

Storage on shelf

Low-acid canned goods:

Food

Canned meat and poultry, stews, soups (except tomato soup), spaguetti (noodles and pasta), potatoes, corn, carrots, spinach, beans, beets, peas, and pumpkin

High-acid canned goods:

Tomatoes, grapefruit, pineapple, apples and apple products, mixed fruit, peaches, pears, plums, all berries, sauerkraut, pickles, juices (tomato, orange, lemon)

2 to 5 years



12 to 18 months







Jerky, commercially packaged

Tuna and other seafood in retort pouches Rice and dried pasta







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Source: U.S. Food and Drug Administration